

FINAL
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The

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New Bill Orders Draft of 1,000,000 Aliens FINDS MURDER MOTIVE HERE IN KING CASE

SEIZED PAPERS OF MEANS REVEAL HOW MRS. KING LOST HER FORTUNE, SAYS DOOLING

Brother of Auto Tragedy Victim's Secretary Called Before Grand Jury Here — Photographic Copy of Alleged New Will Is Asked.

After a thorough search and examination of all papers in the apartment of Gaston B. Means at No. 1165 Park Avenue, which started at 9 o'clock last night and was not concluded until 9 o'clock this morning, Assistant District Attorney Dooling said to an Evening World reporter:

"I am now in a position to state with safety that a motive for the killing of Mrs. Mauds A. King has been discovered. I have completed my examination of the documents found in the apartment and am glad to say that the search produced results."

After consultation with Mr. Dooling, District Attorney Swann announced that he was entirely satisfied with the progress made in the investigation and would summon not only Afton Means, but also Henry Deutch, father-in-law of Afton Means, before the Grand Jury. A large bundle of papers taken from the Means apartment was brought to the District Attorney's office for examination by the Grand Jury.

Afton Means and Deutch were taken before the Grand Jury and sworn; they were excused until tomorrow when other matters will have been disposed of, and that body will be free to devote itself entirely to the hearing of the two witnesses.

Among others who may testify before the Grand Jury is Mrs. Joseph B. Foraker Jr., daughter-in-law of the former United States Senator from Ohio. Mr. Dooling announced that among the papers taken from the apartment of Means were documents showing that Mrs. Foraker had borrowed sums of money amounting to thousands of dollars on several occasions from Means and from Mrs. King.

The Assistant District Attorney frequently questioned Afton Means during the all-night search of his brother's papers, and obtained from him much information which he will have Means repeat to the Grand Jury. The utmost care was taken to prevent any interruption during the examination of the documents and letters found in the apartment, John Nummy, the superintendent of the building, who has been displaced since the apartments of Mrs. King and Means attracted the curious, establishing himself as a guard against intruders.

PAPERS OF INCRIMINATING NATURE, SAYS DOOLING.

On arriving at his office to-day, Assistant District Attorney Dooling said:

"Papers found in the apartment of Means not only supply a motive for the killing of Mrs. King, but are of such an incriminating nature as to warrant an immediate indictment of a certain person, or persons, for the systematic looting of her estate."

"Before Afton Means reached New York," he continued, "I had been notified that there was in the apartment a specially constructed trunk, built with a multitude of pockets containing papers."

"It was in this trunk that we discovered an agreement made

AUTO TRAGEDY VICTIM, WHOSE FORTUNE NOW IS FOUND DISSIPATED



MRS. KING

LAYS OUT HER DEATH ROBE AND THEN ENDS HER LIFE

Young Woman Whose Identity Is Held a Secret Commits Suicide in Hotel Room.

Mystery surrounds the identity of a good looking young woman who ended her life in a room of the Hotel St. George, at Clark and Hicks Street, Brooklyn, to-day, after laying out a black dress as her death robe and writing three letters, two of which urged her physician, Dr. John Kopke of No. 221 Hancock Street and Coroner Wagner to dispense with an autopsy.

Dr. Wagner says she drank poison, a bottle half filled with that poison being found nearby. Dr. Kopke was of the opinion she had swallowed cyanide of potassium.

Although she registered at the hotel yesterday afternoon as "Mrs. A. Kennedy," the letter to Dr. Kopke was signed "Katherine." Dr. Kopke said he had known her many years. He said she had been a stenographer and had been separated from her husband about a year ago. He declined to give the woman's address or tell anything about her family.

Dr. Kopke said the woman told him last Sunday she intended to kill herself, but he thought he had succeeded in persuading her to change her mind. The letter to Coroner Wagner said the writer felt she was going insane because of nervousness.

BANK DISCLOSED \$300,000 THEFT BY MARTINDALE

Chemical National Officials Traced Shortage and Notified Examiner.

President H. K. Twitchell of the Chemical National Bank denied to-day that any effort was made by the bank officials to suppress the fact that the late President, J. B. Martindale, who died two months ago, had embezzled \$300,000 of the institution's funds.

"As soon as we discovered that there was a shortage," Mr. Twitchell declared, "we made an investigation, and just as soon as we had learned all the facts we reported them to the National Bank Examiner for this district."

Mr. Twitchell went to Washington on Monday and was in conference with the Comptroller of the Currency, and he was aware that the statement prepared by the Comptroller was to be made public yesterday.

Another official at the bank to-day said: "The shortage of \$300,000 didn't amount to that," as he snuffed his fingers. "It is the unpleasant notoriety the incident gives the bank."

"There is no other bank official in this city who was regarded higher than Mr. Martindale for his ability, integrity and every quality that goes to make an efficient bank president and the disclosure of his peculations is a shock to the whole community."

Mr. Twitchell said in answer to questions that he understood Mr. Martindale's family was left in poor circumstances, although he had no direct knowledge about the estate.

"The total sum embezzled does not amount to very much," said another bank official, "when distributed over a period of about sixteen years' time."

Mr. Martindale's closest friends, shocked as they are by the unexpected disclosure, are more mystified than shocked. Not one of them can advance even a theoretical explanation that will hold water; not one can remember catching the least glimpse of whatever it was that must have lurked behind the curtains of the lifelong trusted friend of the city's old bank.

No statement has been made on behalf of the Martindale family. The members of this are the banker's widow and two daughters, Mrs. Harry Parker and Miss Jean Martindale. For a long while before his death he and Mrs. and Miss Martindale lived at the Plaza.

HORRORS IN WARSAW UNDER GERMAN RULE

Deaths From Starvation So Common That Passers Failed to Be Shocked.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Poverty and degradation of the Polish population of Warsaw under German domination were described in a report of "A Polish Lady of Education," issued to-day through the State Department, based on conditions in June.

"People of culture and former wealth," she said, "huddled on the streets and were evicted from their homes. Deaths on the streets from starvation were so common that passers failed to be shocked. German soldiers in the city were well fed. Only some of the aristocrats and self-seeking persons joined the Polish legions to assist Germany, and they were considered by the good element among the Polish people."

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SOLDIERS' INSURANCE BILL TO PASS IN HOUSE TO-DAY; THREE METHODS OF U. S. AID

Direct Payment Up to \$50 a Month for Dependents While He Is Fighting.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The Soldier Insurance bill, declared by House leaders to be the most generous measure ever proposed by a Government to aid its fighters, is scheduled to pass the House to-day. Financial help is given the Nation's defenders under three headings:

Direct payments to dependents up to \$50 a month while the breadwinner is at the front.

Lifelong pension to every man injured or disabled in service, or to the dependents of a man killed.

Life insurance policy, far beyond cost, to every man.

Under family aid, the following payments are to be made by the Government:

To a wife \$15 a month; with a child \$25; with two children \$32.50 a month; each additional child \$5.

To a motherless child \$5 a month; two children \$12.50; three \$20; four \$30; each additional child \$5.

One parent \$10; two \$20; for each dependent brother, sister or grandchild, \$5.

To insure this Government aid to his family the soldier must pay \$15 a month to their support himself.

For the soldier who is killed or incapacitated for work by injury or disease these payments are guaranteed for life.

Dead.—To widow, \$30 a month; with one child, \$40; with two children, \$50 and \$5 for each additional child.

To a motherless child, \$15; two children, \$25; three, \$35 and \$5 for each additional child until they are eighteen. To a widowed mother, \$25.

Total disability.—To single men, \$40 a month; with wife, \$55; wife and one child, \$65; with two or more children, \$75. With one motherless child, \$50; for each additional child, \$10. If there is also a widowed mother, \$20 a month goes to her; if a nurse or attendant is required, \$20 a month additional.

Partially disabled men may go to a school, on their regular soldier's salary, and learn trades at which they can work. If they die from the injury after leaving the army, funeral expenses of \$200 will be paid.

The insurance section of the bill entitles a man to take out life insurance up to \$10,000 at \$5 a year for \$1,000.

1,000 APPEAL TO WILSON FOR ARMY EXEMPTION

Claims on Ground That Claimants Are Indispensable to War Industries Pouring In.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—More than 1,000 claims for army exemption on the ground that the claimant is indispensable to a war industry, appealed to the President, the final judge of such cases, were on file to-day and others are coming in.

Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder laid emphasis to-day on the fact that only industrial exemption claims may be appealed to the President from district boards and that personal hearings before the authorities waiting for the President will not be given.

Pending final decision by the President the men claiming industrial exemption are subject to military duty.

(For Racing Results See Page 2)

1,000,000 ALIENS TO BE DRAFTED FOR ARMY BY NEW BILL

Senate Measure Corrects Inequalities in Districts With Few Americans.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Drafting of all aliens in the United States except Germans, others exempt by treaty, and those of countries allied with Germany, who have resided in this country one year, is proposed in a joint resolution to-day by the Senate and sent to the House. It is estimated that more than one million aliens would be affected.

Under the resolution by Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, Chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, subjects of all of the Allies or neutrals claiming treaty exemption would be allowed to leave the country within ninety days.

Inequalities of the operation of the Draft law because of exemption of large proportions of aliens in many districts were cited by Senator Chamberlain to show the need for his resolution.

The pending resolution by Senator Chamberlain authorizing the President to negotiate for drafting aliens in this country had failed, he said, to bring results, and Senator Lodge resented the Administration for not taking independent action. Few Senators were present during the discussion and there was no record vote on the resolution.

Amendments adopted would permit the use of aliens of Germany in this country for other than military purposes, and provide that in future drafts credit shall be given for the excessive proportion in the recent draft due to exemption of aliens.

Senator Lodge said the State Department has done nothing towards settling the alien draft matter by diplomacy, although the Senate a month ago requested the President to have this done.

"As a result of this inactivity," said Lodge, "there is a growing sense of bitter injustice throughout the country. In industrial communities, the aliens form in many cases the large portion of the population, but the Americans must furnish the entire draft quota. In one Brooklyn district the first call took every American. Meanwhile the aliens boasted that they would step into the job relinquished by Americans."

Citizens of Allied nations who reside in other countries aligned with the Entente Powers will soon be subject to draft into the military service of the country in which they reside.

Negotiations are under way between all Allies to this end, it was stated to-day. Russia, England and France have already signed agreements, which will be forwarded to the State Department and used as a model in framing similar agreements between the United States and her allies.

AMERICAN DEFEATS TWO GERMANS IN AIR BATTLE

New York City Flyer Also Victor, Bringing Down His First Enemy Machine.

PARIS, Sept. 12.—Word reached Paris late last night that Corp. Eugene Courteney Campbell Jr. of Chicago, Ill., flying with the French Republic No. 55, had vanquished two German machines in an aerial engagement.

It was also reported that Capt. Walter Lovell of Boston, Mass., a member of the Lafayette Squadron, brought down his third victim on Monday.

Leland Rouns of New York City, a member of the French squadron, has just brought down his first machine, the enemy's motor falling within 500 feet of the ground.

JUST BEFORE RETIRING
take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Refers to that acid, refreshes the system and gives a good night's sleep. Buy a bottle to-day.—Adv.

KORNILOFF AND HIS GENERALS ARE BRANDED AS TRAITORS; CIVIL WAR IS SPREADING

Kerensky Government Officials Give Out Statements Minimizing the Revolt and Declaring Army at the Front Is Still Resisting Germans.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12.—The Provisional Government has proclaimed a general state of martial law.

[An earlier dispatch announced that Moscow had been declared in a state of war.]

The Associated Press was informed to-day at the Winter Palace that Premier Kerensky was about to assume the position of Commander-in-Chief of all the Russian armies, at least until the revolt had been crushed.

Cossack troops who formed part of the army sent by Gen. Korniloff against Petrograd have sent delegates to the Provisional Government expressing loyalty to the revolution and declaring they would arrest their officers who had deceived them.

By formal decree the Provisional Government has branded Gens. Korniloff, Denikine, Litkowsky Markoff and Kiliashoff traitors to the nation and formally ordered that they be held to account for their crimes before Russia's courts of justice.

Vice Premier Nekrasoff in an interview to-day said that all the commanders at the front, with the exception of Gen. Denikine, commander on the western front, who has been arrested with his Chief of Staff by the Military Committee, remain faithful to the Provisional Government. Pskoff is in the possession of Government troops.

SAVONOFF BELITTLES THE REVOLT OF KORNILOFF.

Boris Savonoff, Assistant Minister of War and Minister of Marine, in an interview with the Associated Press to-day said:

"For the reassurance of America you may say that Gen. Korniloff's revolt is not in the least affecting our operations against the foreign enemy. The armies at the front are solid with the Provisional Government."

"There is not the least doubt that Gen. Korniloff's coup has failed, and that we shall be strengthened for the future by getting rid of disloyal generals, by whose conspiratorial tendencies we have long been embarrassed. Gen. Korniloff himself is still at Mohilev."

"The Provisional Government will issue stronger than ever from the crisis, and this will enable us effectively to deal with the Bolshevik danger."

The newly formed "Temporary Military Committee," which had been sitting all night, to-day received the following information:

"Fresh Korniloff troops, consisting of three sotnias of Cossacks and two batteries of artillery, have arrived at Luga and have been dispatched to the Village of Zarozhny, fifteen versts distant. Altogether, fourteen echelons have arrived at Luga and many are on the way."

"The Provisional Government is in touch with Luga and is taking measures to get into communication with the revolting troops."

"The Central Executive Com-

LUXBURG'S PASSPORTS SENT TO GERMAN LEGATION

Argentine Government Wants Them Delivered to Diplomat, Who Has Disappeared.

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, Sept. 12.—The Argentine Government at noon to-day sent to the German legation passports to be delivered to Count Luxburg, the German Minister, in Buenos Ayres. The whereabouts of Count Luxburg still is unknown to the Argentine Government. The Argentine Foreign Office also sent a communication demanding an explanation of Count Luxburg's action.

The note sent to Count von Luxburg reads:

"You having ceased to be persona grata to the Argentine Government, that Government has decided to deliver to you your passports."

"The introduction of embassies has instructions to assist you in your immediate departure from the territory of the republic. God keep you."

It was officially announced that if Germany failed to disapprove of Count von Luxburg's action Argentina would recall her Minister to Berlin.

KORNILOFF PLANNING RUSSIAN MONARCHY, REPORT FROM LONDON

Rebel Chief Said to Favor Crowning Head of the Dolgorouki Family.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Gen. Korniloff plans to place the head of the Dolgorouki family on the throne of Russia, according to reports which reached here to-day.

One member of that family, Prince Dolgorouki, is now a voluntary exile with the former Czar at Tobolsk, and presumably it is this representative of the family which the revolting Russian General aspires to put into power. He is one of the greatest nobles in Russia.

U. S. Envoy Is Calm As Revolt Goes On; Gives Red Cross Tea

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12.—In the midst of the excitement incident to announcement of Korniloff's revolt on Monday, American Ambassador Francis entertained a group of thirty American Red Cross workers at a tea.

"The Central Executive Com-

(Continued on Second Page.)